Moravia Central School District 2025-26 Budget

Board Meeting February 12, 2025



Topics to be Discussed

- Identify the Problem
 - Budget Gap/3-Part Breakdown
- Identify the Factors
 - Revenues
 - Expenditures
- Identify the Variables
 - No Control
 - Some Control
 - Total Control
- Identify the Options
 - Review and Discuss Closing the Gap (Direction from the Board)
- Trends/Historical Data
- Tax Cap/Levy Update-Decision
 - Due to OSC March 1, 2025



The Problem

- As of today
 - Projected <u>Rollover</u> Expenditures > Projected Revenues (\$1,618,070)
- We need to get to
 - Projected Expenditures = Projected Revenues
- How we operate
 - Real Expenditures < Real Revenues</p>



The Problem

- With a Projected Gap of (\$1,618,070) and based on our historical 3-Part Budget breakdown, we would need to find savings in the following amounts in each category.
 - Administrative ~ \$178,000
 - Program ~ \$1,132,649
 - Capital ~ \$307,421



The Factors

- Revenues
 - State Aid
 - Tax Levy
 - Misc.
 - Appropriated Fund Balance, Refunds, etc.

- Expenditures
 - Administrative
 - Program
 - Capital



The Variables

No Control

- State Aid (Revenue)
 - Executive Proposal Moravia receives minimum (Save Harmless) 2% increase over prior year in Foundation Aid = \$222,705
- Contractual Increases (Expenditure)
- BOCES rates (Expenditure)
- Retirement Cost rates, benefits, FICA, etc., (Expenditure)

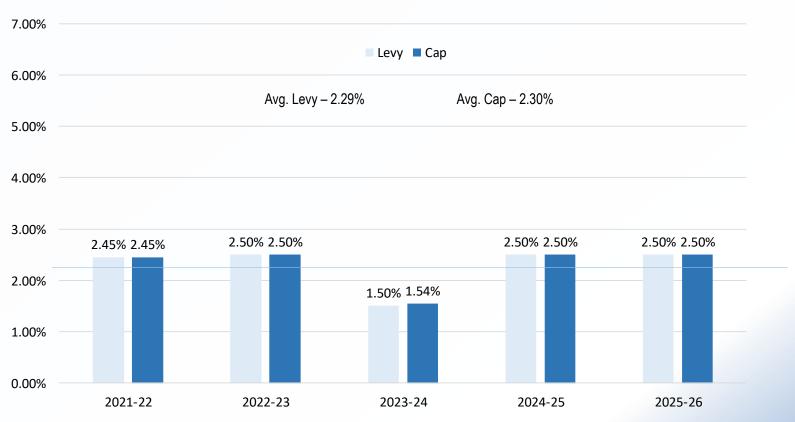


The Variables

- Some Control
 - Tax Levy (Revenue)
 - At limit requires 50% + 1 vote Currently 2.50% (\$9,498,828)
 - Under limit requires 50% + 1 vote
 - Over limit requires 60% vote
 - Every 1% over prior year's levy raises ~ \$92,674
 - Required to submit Tax Levy Limit to OSC March 1, 2025



Tax Levy/Cap History







The Variables

Total Control

- Materials and Supplies (Expenditure)
- Equipment (Expenditure)
- Service Contracts (Expenditure)
- Personnel (Expenditure)
 - Net reduction must include potential unemployment cost
- Misc. Revenue (Revenue)
 - Appropriated Fund Balance Have budgeted \$525,000 most recently
 - Use of reserves



The Options

Increase Revenues

- Tax Levy
- Misc. Revenues Appropriated Fund Balance and/or Use of Reserves
- Do we use Retirement Reserve to combat \$92,111 increase in ERS bill? (Potential balance = \$1,463,571)
- Do we use Workers Comp Reserve to pay upcoming contribution cost \$85,467 (decrease of \$23,676 from prior year)?
 (Potential balance = \$574,371)
 - Caution! When using fund balance and or reserves as an "annual" revenue source, these will eventually be depleted and compound problem in the future
- Interest earnings Most likely to remain flat or decrease based on \$100,000 annual earnings

Decrease Expenditures

- Needs vs Wants
- People over Things
- How Do We Still Provide "World Class" education?

Combination of Both?

- Direction from Board?
- What level of Revenue(s) should we use?





Reserves Status

| Reserve | Funding Level |
|--|---|
| Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve | \$381,490 |
| Repair Reserve | \$140,278 |
| Capital Reserve | \$717,067 |
| Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service | **\$1,146,566 — Can use for upcoming debt service (\$182,000) |
| Retirement Contribution Reserve Fund* | \$1,556,109 (\$92,538) = \$1,463,571 |
| TRS Contribution Reserve Fund* | \$269,941 |
| Workers Compensation Reserve Fund | \$683,514 (\$109,143) = \$574,371 |
| Unemployment Insurance Reserve | \$295,488 |



Possible Outcomes

Increase Revenues

- If we use fund balance and/or reserves to pay for annual expenditures, we'll face the same problem the following year
 - Use of ERS Reserve TBD
 - Use of Workers Comp Reserve TBD
 - Use of Other Reserves TBD

Decrease Expenditures

- If we reduce "people", net savings is reduced by unemployment costs ~ \$13,000 per position (assuming max claim amounts)
- Will review every line item to find efficiencies and determine ROI (Return on Investment)
- As BOCES figures come in, gap will vary up or down

Recommendation

- Build budget that represents BOE direction of tax levy, fund balance, and reserve use AND State Aid based on Executive Proposal
- Budget Adoption and passage represents allowable spending plan, does not mean we have to spend fully



Trend Data

- What is Trend Data?
 - A collection of data that shows how a variable changes over time.
- Why are we looking at Trend Data?
 - With tougher budgets now and in the future, we need to identify patterns and efficiencies to make predictions and maximize our ROI (Return on Investment).



Trend Data

| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Salaries | \$ 8,926,550.88 | \$ 9,168,248.18 | \$ 9,882,739.03 | \$10,610,181.08 | \$11,360,823.28 |
| Equipment | \$ 379,448.24 | \$ 57,444.93 | \$ 77,307.74 | \$ 61,797.33 | \$ 148,237.60 |
| Contractual | \$ 889,424.75 | \$ 1,028,184.06 | \$ 1,162,066.31 | \$ 1,215,805.37 | \$ 1,465,536.16 |
| Materials and Supplies | \$ 702,733.94 | \$ 782,798.56 | \$ 782,088.41 | \$ 721,046.49 | \$ 1,001,180.06 |
| BOCES | \$ 5,859,520.41 | \$ 5,341,499.04 | \$ 5,794,310.53 | \$ 6,021,880.86 | \$ 6,166,376.17 |
| Debt Service | \$ 2,934,964.31 | \$ 4,108,380.38 | \$ 3,796,571.61 | \$ 3,852,622.50 | \$ 2,391,935.97 |
| Benefits | \$ 3,854,495.20 | \$ 4,299,389.08 | \$ 4,230,346.62 | \$ 4,497,226.01 | \$ 5,052,392.76 |
| Interfund Transfers | \$ 163,879.15 | \$ 187,484.00 | \$ 156,111.03 | \$ 177,514.64 | \$ 180,000.00 |
| Total | \$23,711,016.88 | \$24,973,428.23 | \$25,881,541.28 | \$27,158,074.28 | \$27,766,482.00 |
| | | | | | |
| | Per | centage Increase/ | Decrease Year to Y | ear | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
| Salaries | Base Year | 2.71% | 7.79% | 7.36% | 7.07% |
| Equipment | Base Year | -84.86% | 34.58% | -20.06% | 139.88% |
| Contractual | Base Year | 15.60% | 13.02% | 4.62% | 20.54% |
| Materials and Supplies | Base Year | 11.39% | -0.09% | -7.80% | 38.85% |
| BOCES | Base Year | -8.84% | 8.48% | 3.93% | 2.40% |
| Debt Service | Base Year | 39.98% | -7.59% | 1.48% | -37.91% |
| Benefits | Base Year | 11.54% | -1.61% | 6.31% | 12.34% |
| Interfund Transfers | Base Year | 14.40% | -16.73% | 13.71% | 1.40% |
| Total | Base Year | 5.32% | 3.64% | 4.93% | 2.24% |
| | | Percentage of B | udget Each Year | | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
| Salaries | 37.6% | 36.7% | 38.2% | 39.1% | 40.9% |
| Equipment | 1.6% | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.5% |
| Contractual | 3.8% | 4.1% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 5.3% |
| Materials and Supplies | 3.0% | 3.1% | 3.0% | 2.7% | 3.6% |
| BOCES | 24.7% | 21.4% | 22.4% | 22.2% | 22.2% |
| Debt Service | 12.4% | 16.5% | 14.7% | 14.2% | 8.6% |
| Benefits | 16.3% | 17.2% | 16.3% | 16.6% | 18.2% |
| Interfund Transfers | 0.7% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.6% |
| | | | | | |





Trend Data





Next Steps

- Review Changes from prior meeting
 - Health Care (Next Meeting February 26th)
 - BOCES (Final Service Requests are starting to come in)
 - Present Scenario(s) based on Board direction
 - How many?
 - What parameters?
 - Use of Reserves, Tax Levy, etc.

